# Participatory TA Status and future from a practitioner perspective

Lars Klüver
Director, The Danish Board of Technology
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### The TA toolbox

### Citizen Consultation pTA

- Consensus Conference
- Citizen Summit / WWViews
- Citizen hearing
- Interview Meeting
- Voting conference
- Future Lab
- CIVISTI

### Stakeholder involve sTA

- Future Search
- Scenario Workshop
- Perspective Workshop
- Ad hoc workshop designs

### Expert Analysis eTA

- Single expert analysis
- Expert papers, TA-synthesis
- Trans-disc. work groups
- Conferences & Workshops

### Politician assessment mpTA

- Parliamentary Hearings
- Single politician study
- Future Panel

#### Public Debate dTA

- Debate meetings
- Debate Products/ www

### TA toolbox evaluation

- Democratic legitimacy
- Political credibility
- Scientific credibility
- Process transparency, fairness, ...
- Authenticity (vs. proxy representation)
- Adequacy wrt problem resolution
- Cost-effectiveness ...

### **Democracy**

### House of Democracy 1849

For entrance:

Please accept the rules and enter your vote

## House of Democracy Under construction

For entrance:

Please grab a tool and give us a hand

SciTech changes the conditions for democracy, forcing it to adapt. TA helps bringing adaptation along, thereby taking part in the construction of democracy.

### **Consensus Conference**

### When

Testing issues in a well-informed micro-democracy

### How

12-16 pers mixed panel calls in experts and write an assessment report.

	Raising knowledge	Forming attitudes	Initialising action
Tech/Sci aspects	* Technical options assessed and made visible * Comprehensive overview on consequences given	* Setting the agenda in the political debate  * Stimulating public debate  * Introducing visions or scenarios	* New action plan or initiative to further scrutinise the problem decided * New orientation in policies established
Societal aspects	* SOCIAL MAPPING  * Structure of conflicts made transparent	MEDIATION  * Self-reflecting among actors  * Blockade running * Bridge building	NEW DECISION MAKING PROCESSES  * New ways of governance introduced * Initiative to intensify public debate taken
Policy aspects	POLICY ANALYSIS  * Policy objectives explored * Existing policies assessed	RE-STRUCTURING THE POLICY DEBATE * Comprehensiveness in policies increased * Policies evaluated through debate * Democratic legitimisation perceived	DECISION TAKEN  * Policy alternatives filtered * Innovations implemented * New legislation is passed

### Citizen Summit / WWViews

### When

Policy decisions
need input on
informed public
opinion

### How

100-20.000
persons 1 day,
get info,
deliberate, vote
on questions.

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### Citizen Hearing

### When

Citizen ideas forlocal/nationalstrategies needed

### How

2-300, brainstorming, specifying & prioritising policy ideas

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### **Interview Meeting**

### When

Informed ethical judgements needed

### How

Qualitative and semi-quantitative informed 30 person poll and group interviews

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### **Voting Conference**

### When

Different actors
claim to have the
right action plan

### How

Action plans presented by actors. Citizens, politicians and experts vote

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### **Future Lab**

### When

Actors need to define problems, visions and action opportunities

### How

Actor group critisize, turn that to visions, make action on visions

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### **CIVISTI**

### When

R&I agenda needs public relevance

### How

Citizens make visions; Turned into research items by experts; Prioritised by citizens

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### TA toolbox - When

### Citizen Consultation pTA

- Lay knowledge relevant
- Beyond-the-poll insights
- End-user visions on futures
- Input to strategic processes
- Policy options filtering
- Empowerment necessary

### Stakeholder involve sTA

- Conflict map needed
- Balancing interests
- Common action necessary
- Competition unconstructive

### Expert Analysis eTA

- Facts on the table
- Overview of (un)certainty
- Knowledge negotiation
- Technocratic plans needed

### Politician assessment mpTA

- Politicians' needs neglected
- Cross-political clarification
- Long-term policies needed

### Public Debate dTA

- Public agenda setting
- Decentral assessor capacity

# Demand: Specific demands for pTA

- Grand challenges
  - Problems linked to society structure and function
  - Solutions demand change/action on all levels
- Wicked problems
  - Navigation under uncertainty demands professional as well as normative judgements
- Re-establish trust Sci/public + Pol/public
  - Dialogue makes "good populism" possible
  - Help filling out democratic gaps

# Supply: pTA tools pretty ready

- Covers many roles, supplements other approaches well
- pTA tools are flexible parts of the toolbox
- The tool-maker skills are therefore crucial
- Combination of methods and techniques is a major competence
- →We seem able to make reasonably wellfunctioning processes for all problem situations calling for pTA

### Does it deliver?

"It is the aim of pTA/TA to contribute with Knowledge, constructive debate and solutions to Existing and future Problems and opportunities In the field between technology, society and the individual, With a local, national, as well as international perspective."

- pTA clearly delivers to this mission
- ◆Even more so if seen as one tool in TA, which can be combined with other tools

### **Trends PP**

- More Public Participation in future
  - Governance crisis public/political mistrust
  - Democratic + liberal drivers
  - Methodology tested; Capacity expanding
- Embedded Public Participation
  - Part of longer complex processes/projects
- Online methods quality K2K ↔ F2F ??
- Internationalisation
  - Fast proliferation world-wide
  - Contribute to make new trans-national publics

### **Trends pTA**

- pTA usage depends heavily upon boundary conditions for TA institutions
- International cooperation seems an effective ice-breaker – so we will see more of that
- Which fits the possible role for TA of creating trans-national publics (MASIS)
- → A strong indication that we will meet again and again around this topic – increasingly as practitioners

### Thanks for your attention

Lars Klüver

Lk@tekno.dk

www.tekno.dk

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